

Images in clinical medicine



Barry-Perkins-Young syndrome

DAshwin Karnan, DAnjana Ledwani

Corresponding author: Ashwin Karnan, Department of Respiratory Medicine, Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College, Datta Meghe Institute of Higher Education and Research, Sawangi (Meghe), Wardha, Maharashtra, India. ashwin2700@gmail.com

Received: 10 Feb 2024 - Accepted: 22 Mar 2024 - Published: 16 Apr 2024

Keywords: Cough, infertility, sinusitis, bronchiectasis

Copyright: Ashwin Karnan et al. Pan African Medical Journal (ISSN: 1937-8688). This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution International 4.0 License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Cite this article: Ashwin Karnan et al. Barry-Perkins-Young syndrome. Pan African Medical Journal. 2024;47(191). 10.11604/pamj.2024.47.191.42932

Available online at: https://www.panafrican-med-journal.com//content/article/47/191/full

Barry-Perkins-Young syndrome

Ashwin Karnan^{1,8}, Anjana Ledwani¹

¹Department of Respiratory Medicine, Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College, Datta Meghe Institute of Higher Education and Research, Sawangi (Meghe), Wardha, Maharashtra, India

[®]Corresponding author

Ashwin Karnan, Department of Respiratory Medicine, Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College, Datta Meghe Institute of Higher Education and Research, Sawangi (Meghe), Wardha, Maharashtra, India

Image in medicine

A 28-year-old male presented with complaints of fever, cough with expectoration and difficulty in breathing for the past 5 days. Patient is a fruit seller by occupation and gives history of similar illness in the past due to recurrent sinusitis and a significant treatment history for infertility for the past 2 years. Computed tomography of the chest showed tree in bud appearance predominantly in the upper lobes, with cystic and tractional bronchiectasis changes in the bilateral lower lobes. A transrectal ultrasound confirmed obstructive azoospermia for which he was advised vasoepididymostomy. A diagnosis of Young's syndrome was made, and he was treated with

Article 3



intravenous antibiotics. Young's syndrome also known as Barry-Perkins-Young syndrome or sinusitis-infertility syndrome is a rare, inherited syndrome commonly seen in middle-aged men with chronic rhinosinusitis, nasal polyps, infertility and bronchiectasis. It is named after Dr. Donald Young, a urologist who first described it. The exact cause is unknown, but childhood exposure to mercury and genetic factors are speculated. Treatment involves control of sinus, lung infection and surgical/assisted measures for reproduction.

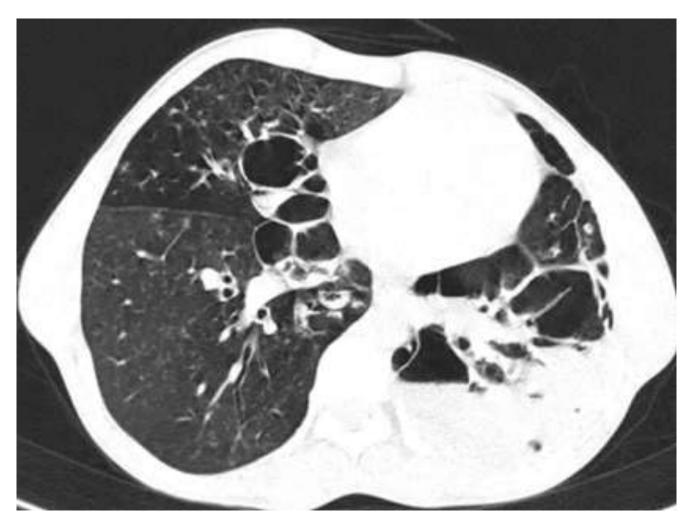


Figure 1: computed tomography of the chest showing bilateral variable-sized cystic and tractional bronchiectatic changes